

VOLUME IV.

EDMONTON BULLETIN, TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 5, 1907.

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Act High Court of Justice

Attorney-General Cross Introduces Act in Forceful Speech --Provision for Cheap and Expeditious Litigation--A Chief Justice, Four Puisne and Five Junior Judges for Alberta--Acceleration Clause of Mortgage Con- tracts Abolished

Last night should be regarded as an historic night in the history of the Legislature of Alberta. The attorney general explained to the House the terms of the new High Court and District Courts Act. From the earliest time in the history of the Northwest the administration of justice has been executed by what were merely provincial courts, to be superseded in due time by the regularly constituted judicial machinery, and jurisdiction delegated to the provinces by the terms of the British North America Act. It is a far cry from the direct, single-handed administration of the laws of the land by the attorney general to the complex judicial system created by Attorney General Cross' bill instituting the High Court of Justice of Alberta and the courts of the Province of Alberta. Though differing very widely in outward form both systems resemble each other in imposing a reverence for law and order that is the abiding glory of all citizens who live under this jurisdiction. The first attorney general of Alberta placed his place among the Legislators of Canada, and whatever change or amendment in the original act shall, it may always bear the impress of the hand that first fashioned it.

The act is modeled after the High Court of England. The judges exercise and enjoy all the rights, privileges and immunities of the judges of Her Majesty's Superior Courts of law and equity, and all the powers of the High Court of Justice of England. The attorney general explained the bill at some length in a carefully arranged and forceful speech. In rising to address the House he was greeted with unstinted applause.

THE SPEECH.

Mr. Speaker:—In the act known as the Alberta act, which came into force on Sept. 1, 1906, the constitution of the Province was made that the Legislature of the Province of Alberta should establish the Supreme Court of the Northwest Territories, and a further revision was made whereby the Legislature of the Province of Alberta would have the right to constitute new courts.

Purpose of the Bill.—The purpose of the District Courts Act, in conjunction with the High Court Act, is to establish in the Province of Alberta the judicial machinery which was contemplated in the original constitution of the Province, and as the formation of the two courts, which are now in the act, as a whole to make up the judicial machinery in Alberta. I thought it advisable to address myself upon the introduction of the bill now before the House to the general question not only of the formation of District Courts, but of the High Court of Alberta, so that in this way the whole matter might be treated intelligently by this House.

Principle of Bill.—The Government have thought it well to introduce the District Courts Act at the present time, because the principle involved in this bill is the distinguishing feature between the judicial system of the Province as it has existed up to the present time and that system which is contemplated by the District Courts Act and by the High Court Act.

Details.—The details of the bill, sir, can be more conveniently and more easily discussed when we consider it in committee. Our business as the present time is with the principle of the bill.



C. W. CROSS,
Attorney General of Alberta.

As you are all aware, up to the present time there has been but one Court of Justice in the Northwest Territories, known as the Supreme Court of the Northwest Territories, and constituted as a court and the Northwest Territories Act, the Act under which for a number of years the whole of the Northwest Territories, including the present Provinces of Alberta and Saskatchewan, operated until the passing of the Act commonly known as the Anthony Bill.

The Supreme Court of the Northwest Territories has dealt and today deals with all manner of actions, by large or be they small. An action for one dollar or one hundred dollars, or an action for one hundred thousand dollars, or a very slight action, and that is in connection with the scale of costs. In claiming costs, the simpler procedure has been provided and the fees in cases of this class are adjusted upon a lower scale than in cases of actions involving more than this amount; also in actions ranging in amounts between \$100 and \$200 there is a lower scale of costs than in actions above that amount.

Result of Present System.—Owing to the large increase in population during the last three or four years, the territory now constituted as the Province of Alberta has been rapidly settling up, and as a result the time of the judges of the Supreme Court of the Northwest Territories has been to a very large degree occupied in the trial of small debt cases. At the last sitting of the Supreme Court in the city of Edmonton considerable more than one-half of the cases on the docket were cases which in any other province in Canada would have been relegated to a court of inferior jurisdiction. As a result of this the judges of the Supreme Court of the Northwest Territories are not only in the case, who have been hearing and deciding at the place where the dispute arose any causes brought before them for trial. At the present time it would be quite impossible for the judges of the Supreme Court of the Northwest Territories to attempt to

cover the smaller towns and villages in the Province and to bring justice to the doors of the people of the country, but under the District Courts Act a plan will not only be feasible but will be eminently practicable and will be put into force as soon as the judges of the courts are appointed by the Federal Government. At the present time the expense of trying a small debt case sometimes hundreds of miles from where the dispute arose has almost invariably made the litigant deter from endeavoring to enforce collection of their claims, and the purpose of this judicial system should be to bring justice as near to the doors of the people of the province as possible, and make it as cheap, easy and quick to obtain as it is possible to make it.

Old and New System.—The primary difference between the old judicial system and the new one, as set forth in these acts, is to make it as easy, cheap and quick as possible to obtain speedy justice.

A Larger Judiciary Needed.—I have larger to refer particularly to the need in this province of a large or judicial system than which it has at the present time, and in this connection it may be of interest to you to know that upon the basis of the population the Province of Alberta is entitled, as compared with the other provinces of Canada, to ten judges, and upon the basis of area, this province would be entitled to a very much larger number. It is quite clear to anyone who is intelligently informed as to the condition of affairs in the Province of Alberta, that it requires a larger number of judges to cover this province in an efficient manner than perhaps in any other province, for the reason that the settlement in this province is very widely diffused. Settlers are taking up land in distant places from the railways in the well grounded hope that before very long these places will be supplied by a railroad and thereby rendered as accessible as any other part of the province. The result of this has been that small communities are springing up, and today are growing up all over the province, often in long distances apart, and in order to serve a province so settled properly, it is perfectly clear that a larger judiciary in proportion to its population is required than in any other province, for example, British Columbia, where the population is centralized to a great extent in the cities of Vancouver and Victoria, and in the case of smaller cities and towns immediately along the line of railway.

It might be of interest to compare the number of judges in British Columbia with the number of judges which we are asking the Dominion Government to give under the District Courts and High Courts Act. In the year 1901 the population of British Columbia at the taking of the census was 200,000, and the population of Alberta, and at that time there were in the Province of British Columbia five Supreme Court judges and five District Court judges, making in all fifteen judges or one each to every 40,000 of a population.

Ten Judges for Alberta.—It is therefore quite clear that if this Legislature see fit to adopt the District Courts and High Courts Act and provides for the construction of the District Court of Alberta; which involves the appointment of five District Court judges, and also for the construction of the High Court of Alberta to be composed of five High Court judges, then we have made ourselves, the request which is thereby made to the Federal Government to fill these courts in view of the fact that the circumstances prevailing in the province amply warrant.

The design and object of the District Courts and High Courts Act is to make it easier, cheaper and simpler for a creditor to obtain redress against his debtor, or for two parties who have disputed a claim to have that dispute settled judicially.

Courts of Justice Established for Two Purposes.—Courts of justice in any country exist for two purposes and their functions with regard to each of these purposes are quite distinct. One of these purposes is to permit the enforcement of the laws of the country, and the other and quite different function is to decide disputed claims or demands. I trust that such design will be realized in the Act which is now before the House, and on the one hand make it easier and cheaper for a creditor to obtain redress against his debtor, or for two parties who have disputed a claim to have that dispute finally and completely

laid before the court, and to have ample time and opportunity given for the presentation of each side of the facts and arguments going to sustain their respective contentions, as well as ample time and opportunity afforded the judges, who are called upon to decide such disputes, to come to a conclusion after due consideration of not only the facts of the case, but of all the law bearing thereon. This is the only way in which litigants will be satisfied after the decision is arrived at in any case in which they might be engaged, and it must be borne in mind that it is of just as much importance that these disputed cases, where there is a real and substantial question of debt, should be properly and carefully determined as it is in the other class of cases, namely, those in which no dispute arises, that every facility should be afforded to a speedy realization of the admitted claim of the creditor as against his debtor.

Perfection Not Claimed.—I do not claim for the District Courts Act that they are by any means perfect, but I do say that they have been given much careful, and I hope sound consideration, and that whatever defects exist in them will be remedied as they appear from time to time.

District Courts—Amount Limit to \$400.—It is the design of the Act now before the House that they shall be District Court in each judicial district of the province, with a jurisdiction limit to cases involving not more than \$400.00. You are all aware that since the formation of this Government we have established in the Province of Alberta five judicial districts where formerly there were three—beginning at the south there is the Strathcona Judicial District, having its judicial centre at the city of Edmonton. There is also the Judicial District of Macleod, the Judicial District of Calgary, the Judicial District of Wetaskiwin and the Judicial District of Edmonton. Now in every other province in Canada, save only in Saskatchewan, there exist two classes of courts, namely, a Superior and an inferior court. For example, in Ontario at the present time the jurisdiction given to the District Courts extends to cases involving \$600. In British Columbia, the jurisdiction of the District Courts is very much wider, but owing to the circumstances in this province, the Government having thought the matter well, have come to the conclusion to not at the present time give the District Courts a larger jurisdiction than the number of judges in British Columbia.

The question of the limits of the jurisdiction of these District Courts has been a matter of very serious consideration to the Government, and it has been suggested on the one hand that this limitation of \$400.00 is too small, and that there exists no reason why it should not be increased to the sum of \$600, corresponding with the jurisdiction exercised by the County Courts of Ontario. On the other hand, it has been very strongly urged that the jurisdiction of \$400.00 is too large, and that it would be ad visable to limit it to \$250 or \$300.

I may say that as this Province is at present constituted it would give the District Courts too much work in comparison with the work of the High Court to extend the jurisdiction to \$600. The difference between \$400 and \$600 would involve a very large number of cases which would swing the balance of work too strongly in favor of the District Courts. I say that the limit of \$400.00 is a wise one, and that the jurisdiction limit in the various cases tried at the different sittings of the Supreme Court of the Northwest Territories during the last year, and I find that this is the case.

I might also point out that it is only a short time since the jurisdiction of the County Courts in Ontario was \$800, and it has only been in very recent years that this jurisdiction has been extended to \$600, and very many cases. I have no doubt in my mind that when the settlement in this province has advanced to the point where the provision to increase the jurisdiction of these District Courts, for the present I think that the figure of \$400.00 is the most important consideration in the jurisdiction of these Courts for all purposes, namely, \$400.00 is the proper figure at which to place it.

District Courts Unique.—In any very important particular the District Courts in Alberta will be unique. They will be able to try all classes of cases of every nature, kind and description, so long only as the claim or demand for relief does not exceed this amount. In Ontario for instance, as in the other Provinces, there are established two distinct classes of courts for the jurisdiction of the

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CANADIAN NORTHERN CANCELS DAL TRANS

Will Put On Tri-Weekly Service Until the Weather Moderates--Order Applies to Trains on Brandon and Virden Branches as Well as Main Line

Winnipeg, Feb. 4.—Owing to the adverse weather conditions and a desire to husband their rapidly diminishing fuel supplies the C. N. E. has changed its daily service to and from Edmonton, Virden and Brandon to a tri-weekly one. To Edmonton trains will leave on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays, arriving from the Alberta capital on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays. To Brandon and Virden, trains will leave on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays, leaving from there on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays. This tri-weekly service commenced yesterday and consequently there are no trains pulling out to Edmonton, Virden or Brandon today. As soon as weather conditions become more favorable to railroad traffic the old daily service between these points and the city will be resumed. At the present moment things are getting desperate along the line and there is quite a possibility, as the Canadian Northern has stated, that the entire cancellation of passenger trains in order to supply fuel to west-bound trains.

The Canadian Northern is having great difficulty on the eastern end of the line, especially around Kamnack, but the western end is now in condition to run on schedule, trains leaving on time every night.

No coal being received from the C. P. R.'s Crow's Nest mines and it is probable that the C. P. R. will be able to get any in until a moderate snow melt. In the meantime the Morinville mine coal will be used and the idea of its use is being looked favorably on by the superintendent.

Supt. Carey says the water is proving a great source of trouble at this end. No coal being received from the C. P. R.'s Crow's Nest mines and it is probable that the C. P. R. will be able to get any in until a moderate snow melt. In the meantime the Morinville mine coal will be used and the idea of its use is being looked favorably on by the superintendent.

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NINE DAYS TO WINNIPEG

Train Which Left Here January 26th Got Into Prairie Capital Last Night, Finishing Run Over C. P. R. Line--Wreck, Derailment, Several Minor Accidents and Weather Cause Delay

Winnipeg, Feb. 4.—The C. N. E. train which left Edmonton January 26th, en route for Winnipeg, arrived here last night, finishing its run over the C. P. R. line. The train was delayed by a wreck, derailment, several minor accidents and weather. The train was delayed by a wreck, derailment, several minor accidents and weather. The train was delayed by a wreck, derailment, several minor accidents and weather.

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WHERE IGNORANCE MEANS FREEDOM

President and Directors of the Delnet Ontario Bank Swear That They Know Nothing of the Bank's Condition and Counsel Deaf Reason Resolves Them All

Toronto, Feb. 4.—George B. R. Cope, president of the Delnet Ontario Bank, was acquitted this evening of the charge of signing letters returning to the creditors of the Delnet Ontario Bank, which was the subject of a writ of habeas corpus issued by the Ontario Superior Court of Justice. The bank was the subject of a writ of habeas corpus issued by the Ontario Superior Court of Justice.

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THE LEGISLATURE

Strathcona Applies for Incorporation as a City--Mr. Culling Brings in Motion to Appoint Civil Commission--Mr. Macleod Introduces Eight Hour Law

The routine business of the legislature was transacted this morning. Mr. Culling brought in a motion to appoint a civil commission to inquire into the condition of the public highways which were under the jurisdiction of the province. Mr. Macleod introduced a bill for the incorporation of Strathcona as a city.

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SUPREME COURT IN SESSION

The supreme court opened this morning in the court room in the Brandon Hotel. When the court opened the judge presiding was Mr. Justice Macleod. The court was composed of the judge presiding and two other judges. The court was composed of the judge presiding and two other judges. The court was composed of the judge presiding and two other judges.

RELIABLE RESPONSIBLE OUR SALE COLUMN

News from Strathcona

LOCALS.

MAIN STREET PROPERTY.

\$100 buys 1st lot on Jasper avenue occupying corner position. The buildings on this property draw good rental. This is a splendid investment for a quiet turnover at a good profit. Terms easy.
\$100 per foot, frontage for 1/2 lot on Jasper avenue, close to business section of the city. This is another good buy. Terms.
\$1000 buys 25 feet on Jasper avenue, close to post office. This is one of the best business sites in the city. Terms.
\$1000 is the carrying price for 1/2 lot on Jasper avenue corner position in west end of town. Suitable terms.
\$600 per foot frontage for one of the best corner positions on First St. Terms.

WAREHOUSE PROPERTY.

\$1200 for choice corner position on Fourth street and McKenzie avenue. This is one of the best warehouse sites in the city. Reasonable terms.
\$1000 for a good location on Sixth Street. This, we consider a big bargain. Terms.
\$1000 buys a good site on west side of Eighth street close to Jasper avenue. Terms.
\$1000 for your choice of two lots on Second street just north of railway track. This property runs back to square lot. Easy terms.
\$1700 buys one lot on Seventh street close to Jasper avenue. Very easy terms.

RESIDENCE PROPERTY.

\$1200 for a well new eight rooms brick house situated in good locality on Syndicate avenue. This is a splendid piece of property. Terms very easy.
\$1000 buys a seven roomed up-to-date well finished house with good cellar, etc. on McKenzie avenue, close to business section. Suitable terms.
\$1000 buys two splendid lots on Clark street with small four roomed house; this is a bargain. Terms.
\$500 for all large nine roomed house on Kinsdale avenue, close in also two lots. Terms.
\$2500 for three lots and good house, stable, etc. Good locality. Terms.
\$1000 for small house in nice location on Curry street. Easy terms.
\$1200 buys one lot on Seventh street close to Jasper avenue. Suitable terms and brick foundation. Suitable terms.

VACANT LOTS.

\$600 each for your choice of two lots on the north side of Third street. This is all buying. Terms reasonable.
\$1000 each for your choice of five lots on Morris street. This is a splendid bunch of property. Terms.
\$800 each for your choice of six lots on Griesbach street. Good terms.
\$1000 buys a splendid view lot in the east end, close in. Terms.
\$1000 for one of the best lots on Fifth street close to Jasper avenue. Here is a snap. Terms.
\$500 for three lots on Kinsdale avenue, corner position, close in. This is a chance to make some money. Reasonable terms.
\$1000 for two lots on Third street close to Nampay avenue. A snap. Terms.
\$1500 buys three choice lots on Eleventh street, close to Jasper avenue. This is going to be very valuable property. Suitable terms.
IF YOU DO NOT SEE WHAT YOU WANT IN THIS LIST, THEN COME AND SEE US. WE HAVE PLENTY MORE.

The Seton Smith Co.

Red Star Land Office

Box 368 McDougall Ave. Edmonton Phone 250

THE PLACE TO LIVE

THE HOTEL OECIL,

E. M. LANNIC JASPER AVE. C. H. BELANGER,
EDMONTON, ALTA.

Everything New and Modern. Steam Heated.
Rooms En Suite.

Excellent Cuisine. Orchestra in Attendance.
FINEST WINES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS.

RATES: \$2.00 and \$3.00 per day.
SPECIAL RATES: 12 Meals \$8; Board by Month \$25.

THE PLACE TO DINE

A WONDERFUL RECORD HAS THE Continental Cash Register.

No merchant can afford to be without one. The Continental, which has 25 Keys and Detail Adder, is the most perfect machine ever built. Its design is of the very latest pattern and pronounced by experts to be one of the neatest ever produced. Also has marble ledge over money drawer and hardwood base, everything the very best. The Register will save you money and will make every employee careful; shows every day's business; tells amount of cash taken in and paid out; detects mistakes and will establish a system. A thoroughly up-to-date machine in every respect is THE CONTINENTAL.

Northwest Hotel Supply Co.

Phone 217. 209 Jasper Ave. P.O. Box 121.

The Sommerville Hardware Co., Ltd.

Begs to announce: We are settled in our temporary quarters immediately adjoining our new brick block on First Street, looking down Rice Street. Our stock is much more convenient to handle and to display and we assure you of our desire to serve you.

Street Nos 630-636. Phone 109
First Street

ACT INTRODUCED CREATING HIGH COURT OF JUSTICE

(Continued from Page One)

County Courts. They cannot for example, try actions for libel, slander, malicious prosecution, or actions against Justices of the Peace for neglecting to do the execution of his office, unless he consents to their trying such action. The result of this distinction has been that the time of the High Courts of Justice in Ontario at least is taken up in trying cases of this kind—and often in these actions the damage claimed by the plaintiff is very small, but however small the damage claimed may be the costs on both sides are very heavy, yet under the system in this Province there is no way to prevent such cases being run because no other Court but the Superior Court has power to try such actions.

There do not exist any sound reasons for this distinction between cases of the kind I have mentioned, or in other classes of cases. If John Brown has been slandered by Jane and is content to claim only two hundred dollars, and as you are all aware, it is not uncommon to find that very little damage indeed has been done by a slanderer, why should Brown not be entitled to sue for such damages in the same Court that he would sue Jones for a debt on a promissory note for \$400, or, if Jones owed it to him and would not pay. I cannot understand what particular virtue there is in the class of actions, such as I have mentioned, which entitles them to be lifted to the jurisdiction of the Higher Court, no matter whether the amount of money involved is \$1 or \$100. The present District Court Act sweeps away this old distinction and gives these Courts power to try all the class of actions just as completely as the High Court could do. There is only one limit to the jurisdiction of a District Court, namely, the money limit of \$500.

One District Judge May Act in Another District.

Provision is made in the District Court Act, whereby District Courts are to be presided over by a District Court Judge, but as it may not be found absolutely necessary at the present time to fill all these offices, provision has been made, not only that one District Judge may be able to act in any one of the District Courts, but that the Judges of the High Court may be called upon by the Lieutenant Governor in Council to perform the functions which would devolve upon District Court Judges.

Officers and Sittings.

The Clerks of the High Court will act for the present at all sittings as Clerks of the District Courts for the various Judicial Districts, as likewise shall the Sheriffs and other Officers of the Court.

I may say in this connection that the Government intend introducing immediately the appointment of Judges have been made, a system of sending the District Court Judges out upon circuit in the various places within the Judicial District, exactly in the same way as the Supreme Court Judges at the present time goes upon Circuit. At the present time the Supreme Court of the North-West Territories holds its Sittings at Cardston, Banter Creek, Macleod, Lethbridge, Calgary, Medicine Hat, Red Deer, Wetaskiwin, Edmonton and Fort Saskatchewan.

Under the District Court Act there will be no difficulty in having the District Court Judges visit every village or town having any considerable population at least every six weeks.

help-decided on as yet and no call has been extended.

—A very successful social was held last night at the home of Mrs. Third on Second street under the auspices of the ladies of the immaculate Conception Church. About sixty-five persons attended. Another social is to be held on Friday night, February 13, at the residence of Mrs. John Kelly, 131 Fraser avenue.

—At a meeting of the ladies aid of the Strathcona Hospital yesterday afternoon the question of furnishing the new hospital was discussed. The most favorable view taken of the proposition. A large number of the ladies were in favor of doing so, leaving it to any person to look after any of the private wards which they may desire to put out.

Hockey

The Strathcona Hockey team went to Calgary this morning where they will play the Calgary team tonight. The line-up will be—Goal—Hammond; point, Ralph McKee; centre, Ritchie; rover, Hampton; wings, McArthur and Abe Kent.

The intermediate team that will meet Bevilton's tonight will line-up as follows—Goal, Rutherford; point, Duncan; rover, Laidlaw; wings, Edmundson and Ritchie; rover, McKee; centre, McLeod.

They will not play the return match till next week instead of on Thursday next.

CANADIAN ONE CENT PIECES : :

preme Court of the North-West Territories are by this act transferred to the High Court and will go on in that court, except only the small debt cases, which under the provision of the District Court Act are to be transferred to the District Court.

(Continued on Page Five)

Strathcona Property

Boasting house close to business centre, two story, 19 rooms, full bathroom, furries, register in each room, electric light, rooms all occupied at present, a good paying proposition \$7,000.00 \$15,000.00 cash, balance can be arranged.

J. K. McMenomy

Phone 33, Cor. Whyte avenue and Hardisty St. P. O. Box 159, Strathcona, Alta.

Strathcona Property

One lot in business block of town, on Whyte Avenue for \$10,000. Terms \$4,500 cash, balance one and two years at 8 per cent.

The bidings on this lot draw about seven per cent, on the price and can be increased in the spring to nine per cent.

Look this up if may interest you.

McLean & O'Brien
Opposite Paintmaker Office, Strathcona
Phone 95. P.O. Box 45.

MODERN HOUSE

Six Room House containing a bathroom complete, latest modern fixtures, hot and cold water, sink in kitchen, hot and cold water, kitchen and bathroom equipped with electric fixtures. No. 1 egg grain fire. Built in 1912. This is a bargain and located in good residential locality of Strathcona, and within 7.12 miles of the centre of Edmonton. Price \$1,900 on good terms.

Strathcona Investment Co.

Strathcona. Office Whyte Ave. West just across the river from Education. PHONE 41

CRUETS! CRUETS! CRUETS!

We have received 10 Dozen of this useful Table accessory, well plated—Nickel and Electro. They are marked low for QUICK SALE.

Call and Secure one.

ROSS BROTHERS, LIMITED.

Are "GOOD MONEY" at the 99c Store ALL FEB. Look up your Canadian Pennies. We want all we can get to operate our Amusement Machines at the "ARCADE." TO BE OPEN SHORTLY NEXT UNION BANK. Have therefore arranged with the 99c STORE to accept same all February.

SPRING FLOWERS

Do Not Depend On The Weather To Bring You These When DAFFODILS

Are In Bloom In All Their Splendor At

Ramsay's Green Houses

BRIGHTEN YOUR HOMES

By having us send you some of these. We guarantee safe delivery.

PHONE YOUR ORDER

And it shall receive prompt and careful attention.

WE HAVE ALSO

ROSES, CARNATIONS, NARCISSUS AND FLOWERING PLANTS.

DAY AND NIGHT PHONE 528.

"Built to Last a Lifetime."

"Bell"

Pianos and Organs

"KNOWN THE WORLD OVER."

We have just unloaded another car of these famous instruments and invite you to inspect the many different styles which are on show in our warehouses.

If you have an old piano let us take it in part payment of a new upright.

On receipt of a message by postal or letter our representative will be pleased to call on you at any time of the day or evening and give you all the information that you require.

All our Bell Pianos contain the illimitable quick repeating action.

Bell Piano Warerooms

612 Second Street.

Kerr and Rattenbury Block

Corner Second Street and Jasper. P.O. BOX 1011.

BANK OF MONTREAL

ESTABLISHED 1817

Capital all paid up	\$14,400,000
Reserve Fund	\$18,000,000
Assets	\$168,000,000

HEAD OFFICE: MONTREAL

St. John, Lord, Bouchard and Mount Royal, G.M.C. ROY, PRES.
Hon. Sir George A. Drummond, K.C.M.G. PRESIDENT
C. O. Cloutier VICE-PRESIDENT AND GENERAL MANAGER

Branches and agencies at all principal cities in Canada.
Also in London, England
New York, Chicago and Spokane
And Newfoundland

Travelers' Circular Letters of Credit and commercial Credit issued for use in all parts of the world.
Collections made on favorable terms.
Drafts sold available at all times in the United States, Europe and Canada and in Hong Kong.
Interest allowed on deposits at current rates from date of deposit.
C. O. Cloutier, Manager

IMPERIAL BANK OF CANADA

HEAD OFFICE: TORONTO

Capital, paid up	\$4,515,000.00
Res.	\$4,515,000.00

GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS TRANSACTED.

SAVINGS BANK DEPARTMENT.
Deposits received and interest allowed at current rates from date of opening account, and compounded half-yearly.

G. R. F. Kirkpatrick,
Manager Edmonton Branch

THE CANADIAN BANK OF COMMERCE

Paid-up Capital, \$10,000,000. Reserve Fund, \$4,500,000

HEAD OFFICE, TORONTO

W. P. Walker, General Manager. ALEX. LAIRD, Asst. Gen'l Manager

BRANCHES THROUGHOUT CANADA, AND IN THE UNITED STATES AND ENGLAND

A GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS TRANSACTED

FARMERS' BANKING
Every facility afforded Farmers for their banking business. Sales Notes cashed or taken for collection.

BANKING BY MAIL—Deposits may be made or withdrawn by mail. Cut-down accounts receive every attention.

T. M. TURNBULL,
Manager Edmonton Branch

A GOAL IN LIFE

What is your aim? Is it fortune, fame, pleasure, knowledge or usefulness? A bank account is the surest stepping stone in any case. Every dollar means progress and power.

The Northern Bank

in its Saving Department accepts deposits of one dollar and upwards and pays interest four times a year.

EVERY DESCRIPTION OF BANKING BUSINESS TRANSACTED.

HEAD OFFICE, WINNIPEG.
A. SCOTT, Manager Edmonton Branch

Union Bank of Canada

ESTABLISHED 1865. HEAD OFFICE: QUEBEC.

Paid up Capital	\$3,000,000.00
Res.	1,500,000.00
Total Assets, (Oct. 31st, 1906)	32,000,000.00

A. THOMSON, President. G. H. BALDWIN, General Manager.

Over 130 branches in Canada—more than 35 West of Fort William.

We shall be glad to hear from, or meet, those who contemplate changing their banking arrangements.

SAVINGS BANK DEPARTMENT.
Deposits of \$1.00 or more received, and interest credited from date of deposit, and available at highest current rates. Bank closes at 3 P.M. on Saturdays.

EDMONTON BRANCH: J. J. ANDERSON, Manager.

ASSORTED HARDWARE

and now have a full and complete Stock of Shell and Builders Hardware.

A comparison of prices is all we ask.

Chown Hardware Co.

Opposite Bank of Commerce.

FROM DAY TO DAY

A HOME SONG.

I turned an ancient poet's book,
And found upon the page:
"Stanzas do not do a prison make,
Nor iron bars a cage."

But every house where Love abides
And Friendship is a guest,
Is surely home, and home, sweet home,
And there the heart may rest.

—Henry Van Dyke.

WHY MEN DRINK AND WHY WOMEN DRY REFORM.

A great deal of wisdom is sometimes concealed under the just of the humorous. And so with Mr. Dooley in his recent article on Temperance and woman's strenuous work in this direction. Says the genial Celt:

"If ye want to know, if ye want to know why nearly all ladies are temperance reformers, stay sober 'til ye see some night when yer friends are makin' merry."

"Be heaven, when I close up this establishment, it is a Saturday night after we have companions have started to trope 'til their varicose homes, I've like gold' downtown an' actin' to be carried in the Young Ladies' Temperance Union. I do so."

"No, Sir, 'til ladies are not so 'timate. They're always the way, form man, an' they haven't got come 'til they're varicose homes, I've like gold' downtown an' actin' to be carried in the Young Ladies' Temperance Union. I do so."

"No, Sir, 'til ladies are not so 'timate. They're always the way, form man, an' they haven't got come 'til they're varicose homes, I've like gold' downtown an' actin' to be carried in the Young Ladies' Temperance Union. I do so."

THE VICE-REGAL COMPETITION.

Messages from Ottawa indicate that the scene in the Russell theatre each night of the competition for the vice-regal trophy is an "unusually brilliant one. But its opening night was marred by the absence of 'their Excellencies and all their family Lady Victoria Grenville's illness on the 12th, on a serious turn again. Two Ottawa companies held the boards on the 11th night. Met it and Toronto amateurs have entered the competition; Winnipeg has sent a strong dramatic company with a play Major Devine, of Winnipeg; a South African veteran.

The judges in this most all the strict competition for the Governor-General's trophy are of American and so quite impartial, it is presumed.

For the musical competition it there will be one judiciously named, Guy Whitehead, Chief of staff of the New England Conservatory of Music, Boston.

For the theatrical competition, the judges will be two, namely, Mrs. George Riggs, better known under her pen name of Kate Douglas Wiggin, and Langdon Elwyn Mitchell, the well known American playwright.

Mr. Chadwick, organist, composer, conductor, a graduate of Yale and German universities, has composed several well known overtures, 't's open Judith and many choral and orchestral works. He composed the ode for the dedication of the Columbian exposition.

The names of Mr. George Riggs (Kate Douglas Wiggin) is familiar as that of the author of many charming stories the most noted of which are "Penelope's Experience, The Affair at the Inn and Rose of the River. She established the first free kindergarten for poor children on the Pacific coast and has been in interest in that work ever since.

Langdon Elwyn Mitchell is a son of the famous Philadelphia medical man and author, Dr. S. Weir Mitchell. A barrister by profession, he is a literary man by choice and practice, and the writer of many successful plays.

THE OCCULT IDEA IN DRESS.

While we are all ready to admit the influence of color and style in a woman's dress as affecting in great or less degree the mental impression conveyed by her personality—one would not care to subscribe to many of the axioms to which this art has led in London.

It was not until a smart London modiste began to exploit the occult idea seriously, a season or two ago, that women commenced to understand why it was that three feathers in the hair, with a court veil and a bouquet, made even a plain looking woman suggest pomp, royalty, power.

Feathers have always stood for rank, and the plume invariably signifies ceremony and state, whether it is on a hearse or on the band of an Indian chief. The feather is a symbol of pomp, just as white muslin is innocent, and black velvet is stately. The reason for this lies not in custom, but in the line and texture and color of the plume itself. And so the cardinal's cloak and the soldier's cap speak to us eloquently.

The London dressmaker made something of a furor among the English fashionables when she began to put tulle and amine into lace and tulle. She seized upon an old receipt and built up to an idea, delving into unexplored depths for her lost treasure. So when she put gold spangles on a sulp-n colored satin skirt under five folds of chiffon, through which one only saw the dull red and black occasional glint, she was expressing a thought that only a graduate in higher mysticism could appreciate. She called it the "harp of a thousand strings," and let it go at that. Then she put forth a creation of peal-colored velvet, with a little Irish point lace coat, and she

SOCIAL.

Mrs. Silas has issued invitations to a tea on Friday afternoon.

Mrs. Jellet will be the hostess at a party for young people this week.

Mrs. McDonald, of Calgary, arrived in this city yesterday on a visit to her brother, Mr. M. J. McLeod, deputy provincial treasurer, and sister-in-law, Mrs. M. J. McLeod.

Mr. H. E. Grant is confined to his house, suffering from the prevalent influenza.

Mrs. A. Almon Valguette, who has been ill for several weeks with a gripe, has returned to his office.

A number of prominent social women will give a dance in the afternoon of Friday evening. The following ladies will be the hostesses of the evening: Madam John, Mrs. McLeod, Mrs. Sutherland, Mrs. Evans, Mrs. Walsh, Mrs. Williams, Mrs. McDonald and Mrs. Calgary Herald.

Lady Victoria Grenville's death from typhoid fever, will cause a jolt in the festivities that have marked a particularly gay season at the Federal capital. The serious nature of her illness was only fully realized in Ottawa on the opening night of the Dramatic Competition, in which Earl Grey had been interested. On that night the entire vice-regal party was absent owing to an unexpected development in the sickness of the eldest daughter or of the house. It is possible that if Lady Grey were to die before the festival she would not return to Canada for some time, where her husband and she have been so long because of her own illness and the illness of her mother. All Canadians will sympathize now in the grief of a family that has been most consistently and sympathetically interested in all that advanced Canada.

The Ladies' Association was to have met at Miss McLaughlin's on the first Saturday in March, when the Mendicant programme will be carried out as arranged.

MILNER & CO.

Wholesale and Retail

COAL DEALERS AND COAL MINE OPERATORS

Store and Furnace Coal guaranteed the best in the Edmonton Market.

Rice Street, Opposite Market, Edmonton.

Phone 67. Box 247.

If you Want the News Get the Bulletin!

Merchants Bank of Canada

Established 1864.

Head Office: Montreal.

SAVINGS BANK-DEPARTMENT.

Capital - - \$6,000,000.00

Branches in the leading cities and towns in Canada and Agents in the leading cities of the world.

A GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS TRANSACTED AT ALL BRANCHES.

EDMONTON BRANCHES:

MAIN OFFICE: HANAYO AVE.
A. G. Fraser, Manager.

W. S. Dragg, Sub-Manager.

GOOD INVESTMENTS

17 feet on Main street with buildings, earning large income; 1-2 cash, balance 4, 12 and 18 months. Price \$25,000.00

Lots 217 and 218, block 5, west, corner with buildings, opposite Hudson's Bay Store. 1-2 cash, balance 4, 12 and 18 months. Price \$25,000.00

Main street lot, block 5, easy terms. Price \$15,000.00

Lots 190 feet square with house, corner 7th and Victoria. 1-2 cash, balance 4, 12 and 18 months. Price \$10,000.00

Corner on 2nd street, south of railway, \$4,000.00 cash, balance 4 and 12 months. Price \$10,000.00

2 blocks on 2nd street, one next corner, Price \$2,000.00 cash. Easy terms.

1 lot, block 5, north of railway, switch property from \$1,000.00

Lots on 8th street, South of Victoria: \$2,000.00 cash.

Lots 12th, 13th and 14th streets, from \$1,000.00

Lots, Fraser and Namay, from \$150.00

Lots on First street, south of railway, with good house, \$200.00 per ft.

New Norwood lots; over 140,000 worth sold in seven weeks. Prices from \$100.00; \$25.00 cash, balance \$5.00 per month about \$100.00 per year to pay for the lots. A chance for the poor man as well as the speculator. The city is built right up to this property and it is all within the corporation limits.

EDMONTON REAL ESTATE CO.

SOLE AGENTS. P.O. Box 414.

This is the Time to Buy

A Few Moneymakers

Kinistino—Block 5, 2 lots, stable for 12 head and shack (renting \$25 per month) only \$4,000, 1-2 cash, balance 6 and 12 months at 8 per cent. **THIS IS A SNAP.**

Syndicate—Block 17, 1 lot, \$850, 1-2 cash balance 6 and 12 months.

South of Jasper—3 view lots, 50 ft. frontage, \$750, easy terms.

19 100th of an acre, on Government, overlooking valley, with house 1-2 storey and large barn, single roofed, \$1,500, 1-2 cash, balance 4 and 8 months at 8 per cent.

Clara Street—2 lots for \$250, \$1,330, cash.

Ottawa—2 lots, \$1,565, 1-2 cash.

Kinistino—10 room house and 2 lots, \$500, 1-2 cash

McCauley—6 room house (all modern) and 3 lots, \$450, \$1,500 cash.

BRUNTON & HITCHINS

Drawer H H 223 Jasper Avenue EDMONTON

Coal Firewood

PHONE UP 219 CANDY & CO.

GOOD INVESTMENTS

GREAT ESTATE
Lots 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, on Stony Plain Road. Price \$750.00

Lots 1 and 11, B. 22. Price \$1,000.00

Lots 5 and 6, B. 12, close to Jasper avenue. Price \$750.00

Lot 14, B. 25. Price \$500.00

Lots 1, 11, 12, 13, B. 49. Price \$1,100.00

DELTON
Four lots close to city limits. Price \$900.00

SANDHORN ESTATE
Lot 5, B. 2. Price \$400.00

H. H. H.
1 lot, B. 12, close to Jasper. Price \$1,000.00

Lots 5 and 6, B. 12, close to Jasper avenue. Price \$750.00

Lots 243, 244, 245, B. 5. Price \$1,200.00

5-room Cottage on Drilany street. Price \$600.00

The GREAT WEST LAND CO. Ltd.

PHONE 138. 288 JASPER AVE EAST

EDMONTON BULLETIN

Delivered in City, 44 per year. By mail, per year, \$3.

SEMI-WEEKLY—Subscriptions per year, \$1. Subscriptions strictly in advance.

BUSINESS CO., LTD.
DUNCAN MARSHALL,
Manager.

TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 5, 1907.

BANKING UP THE WRONG TREE

In their speeches in the debate on the Address, the members of the opposition tried to leave the impression that Premier Borden was to be taken to task to endeavor to get better terms for this province because of unfair treatment by the Dominion government in the autonomy act. They seemed to have forgotten that the provincial conference was only arranged by the terms of the province to secure better terms for the very ground of the generous treatment accorded to Saskatchewan and Alberta. Both Premier McBride, of British Columbia and Premier Roblin, of Manitoba have repeatedly complained that their provinces had not been treated nearly as well as the new provinces.

Under these circumstances it would be well for the members of the opposition to bear in mind the fact that British Columbia and Manitoba entered the Dominion during conservative rule at Ottawa and it was the migratory treatment accorded them at that time as compared with that accorded Alberta and Saskatchewan that caused the calling of the conference at Ottawa, which was attended by the Premier and Attorney-General of Alberta.

As an evidence of the opinions of our neighbors about the terms accorded this province we have only to quote the words of the conservative premier of British Columbia. Regarding the terms of the province, Mr. McBride said:

"Comparing the terms conceded to British Columbia and to the new provinces of Alberta and Saskatchewan, it is found in effect that when these provinces are in receipt of the total allowance to which they will be ultimately entitled per annum, the amount in round numbers will be \$240,000, while the total of British Columbia's allowance, when it has reached its maximum, will be less than \$200,000. It is not contended that the new provinces have received too much, but that British Columbia has received far too little. Alberta and Saskatchewan contain large, compact, fertile areas presenting no physical difficulties or obstacles to development. While it may be said that in their case the lands and minerals belonged to the Dominion, if we take the case of British Columbia with its public domain in its own right, the acreage of its receipts for the past thirty years on account of its natural resources has only been \$225,000 per annum, from which must be deducted the cost of administration, not less at the present time than \$100,000 per annum. It is admitted further that the requisition of the subsidies every two and a half years, according to the increase of population ascertained by census-taking, in our estimation, is another important advantage which the new provinces have over British Columbia. They obtain almost immediately an increased subsidy, the benefit of increased population, while British Columbia, in which the increase of population is also very rapid, has to wait ten years for readjustment. There is therefore only one of two conclusions to be drawn from a comparison of the terms in the two cases; either the new provinces have been too generously endowed by the Dominion—which it is not alleged—or British Columbia has received very inadequate consideration of its requirements."

Further testimony to the terms of the autonomy act's generosity is given by Premier Roblin in his speech at Bismarck. He was complaining about how Manitoba had been treated by a conservative government in Ottawa and he said:

"How differently they treat Alberta and Saskatchewan. Manitoba gets \$100,000 a year for her lands. What do Alberta and Saskatchewan get? There is a provision by which they get one and a quarter millions for all time to come. That is an evidence of the difference in the treatment which the provinces of the Northwest are dealt with. In addition to the million and a quarter what do we find? We find that in view of their public lands they are not get actually for five years \$50,000 for public lands, which is surely the lines of other provinces have fallen on pleasant places, while those of Manitoba fall on exactly the opposite."

The Liberal administration of Alberta considered these terms reasonable and satisfactory, but when the conference was called our invitation to attend, and though invited in the administration of public affairs, they were quite able to cope with old diplomats like Mr. Roblin, McBride and Whitney, and much to their credit, were able to improve on what these conservatives had claimed were terms much more generous than had been accorded to their provinces.

If the members of the opposition had been as conversant as they should be, with the work of the conference of premiers, and the reasons for calling it together, they would not have fallen into the egregious blunder of having so mistated the case and would have looked elsewhere for material out of which to make party capital.

LABOR AND CAPITAL

J. E. Cyr, M.P. for Prince Rupert, in a lecture before the Circle Belcourt in Ottawa last week, upon the relations of labor and capital thus speak their own praise.

The number for Prince Rupert notes the conservative spirit of the Canadian workingman as opposed to radical socialists and their attachment to the country of their birth. He viewed the legislation already adopted to meet the views of the laboring classes. While standing up for a degree of personal liberty, he showed that in many circumstances the state was bound to intervene, but it should never do so to the extent of destroying individual enterprise. Among the pressing duties of government he placed first the promotion of popular education. Education, he believed, would pave the way to arbitration, which the present government was doing its best to promote. The establishment of a uniform working day by act of parliament he believed to be impracticable. The Canadian workingman already had won many reforms by their own efforts, and he believed they could do better than the words of the government. "With self-reliance," he concluded, in an eloquent peroration, "the Canadian workingman, uniting, as he does, intellectual and physical vigor to a profound moral sense, will give to the world that ideal of beauty, justice and truth which make great nations and support the destinies of great empires."

NOTE AND COMMENT

Mr. Fielding states authoritatively that the great bulk of farmers that appeared before the Tariff Commission favored a low tariff. It is as fair to assume that those who did not appear were in favor of lower duties, as to assume the opposite, therefore with all the facts before us, the assertion of the manufacturers, "that farmers want more abundant protection by higher tariffs" is abundantly disproven.

COAL RIGHTS

are included in the sale of a beautiful quarter section close to G.T.P. above and on main highway leading out from the city.

THE CANADIAN NORTH-WEST COMPANY

140 Jasper Avenue West
P.O. Box 744 Phone 362

24 Jasper.

Crown Real Estate
Company.

Save House Rent

By Buying one of Your Own.

How Is This?

5 room cottage, new on Gallagher, only \$1850, \$700 cash, and the balance in one and two years.

Crown Real Estate
Company.

24 Jasper.

The Store That Sells For Lowest Prices

Butterick Patterns
10c and 15c

Butterick Patterns
10c and 15c

New Lines in Towels Just Received

We have just received and placed in stock a very large assortment of crash and bath towels, over 200 dozen in all. These are all O.R. County goods and the best values we have ever shown. If you need anything in this line, we will save you money. Your inspection is always welcome.



WHITE TURKISH TOWELS—

We are showing a very large range of these goods, all new and the best value we ever had, in a full range of standard prices from 25c to \$1.50 per pair.

LINEN BATH TOWELS—

Pure linen towels, the best we ever had, in a full range of standard prices from 25c to \$1.50 per pair.

Towel for the bath, that you can buy all sizes and prices from 40c to 100 each.

LINEN HUCKABACK TOWELS—

We carry a very large range of these goods nicely made, and all in standard sizes 12c to 10c per pair.

CRASH TOWELLING—

In a variety of blue and red checks, standard widths and qualities 10c, 12 1/2c, 15c per yard.

CRASH TOWELLING—

In several different qualities, standard widths, 10c to 12 1/2c per yard.

BATH MATS—

In several different qualities, standard widths, 10c to 12 1/2c per yard.

SEE OUR EAST WINDOW, FOR THE BEST VALUES IN TOWELS.

W. JOHNSTONE WALKER & CO.

267 Jasper Avenue East.

This Store That Sells For Lowest Prices

ATLAS

Assurance Co., Ltd., of London, England.

Established 1868. Total funds exceed \$20,000,000.

FIRE INSURANCE. Granted on nearly every description of property. The company has a first class reputation for Liberal Treatment of its agents and policy holders.

We want Active Agents in the West. Write to North-Western Department, Winnipeg, Man.

Edmonton Agency:
McGEORGE, MCINTOSH & CHAUVIN,
NORWOOD BLOCK. PHONE 477.

ALBERTA CAFE.

Malpecque Oysters, half shell. Blue Points, shell. Frogs Legs. Squabs on Toast. Quail on Toast.

COOKED TO ORDER.

R. B. CRONN, JASPER AVENUE.

TAKE THE TIP!

The Rush is on

DELTON IS SELLING FAST AND WITH

NORTH NORWOOD

ARE MONEY MAKERS.

Prices and Terms Easy

AT

MOUNTIFELD & GRAVES

CITY OF EDMONTON.

Assessment 1907.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that the Assessment of the City of Edmonton for the current year is now being prepared and Ready Owners, tenants, occupants and agents are respectfully requested to forward to this office, by mail or otherwise, a list of the properties so held, duly signed, and particularly a list of any new subdivisions or any other changes since last year's assessment, in order that the Assessment Roll as possible which will be the basis from which the 1907 Voters' List will be compiled.

D. M. McMillan

City Hall, Edmonton, 17th January, 1907.

IN ESTIMATING THE COST



ALBERTA LUMBER CO.

of a building a wise selection of lumber means something of importance to the one who has to pay the bill. Our stock has been selected with special care, and we know it will suit the most fastidious. At least, that is what our patrons tell us, and they ought to know. Our line of Dimensional, Boards, Shingles, and Finishing Lumber, etc., is very fine, and well adapted for the best class of work. As for prices, they are all moderate.

R. S. ROBERTSON, Manager
PHONE 547.

McGEORGE, MCINTOSH & CHAUVIN,
NORWOOD BLOCK. PHONE 477.

GREAT CARPET SALE

AT

Hudson's Bay Stores

For 10 Days Only Commencing February 5th

During this sale we offer you your choice of any pattern of Brussels, Velvet or Tapestry Carpet in stock on the following terms:—i.e.

10 per cent. off our regular prices and we will make and lay it free of charge; or 20 per cent. off if not to be made and laid.

This is an exceptional offer and will last for 10 days only. If you are contemplating getting a new carpet now is the time. This opportunity should not be missed.

Hudson's Bay Stores

WE MINE THE BEST

COAL

IN THE DISTRICT. TRY IT.

SASKATCHEWAN COAL CO.
429 Jasper Avenue.
P. O. BOX 1929

MACHINERY FOR SALE
Coal mining, brick, saw mill and heating also boilers.

UNITED EMPIRE AGENCIES
429 JASPER. P.O. Box 1029



Then It Is Your Fault

We make a speciality of insuring dwellings and their contents. CALL IN AND GET OUR RATES.

Winnipeg Fire Assurance Co.

POTTER & McDUGALL BLOCK
ED. F. RACEY, General Manager.
R. W. DAY, Local Agent.

STANDARD PATTERNS
10c and 15c.

STANDARD PATTERNS
10c and 15c.

J. H. MORRIS & CO.

DEPARTMENT STORE

Dress Muslins and Wash Collars Now on Sale

All Muslins, Dress Gingham, Chambrays and Embroidered Linens are now on sale at HALF PRICE. Come quick they won't last long.

WASH COLLARS AND TURN-OVERS

Turn-over Collars ranging from 10c to 50c, now on sale at 10c Wash Collars at Half Price.

Silk and Wash Belts, a big lot going at 25c.

Sole Agents For Standard Patterns.

Use Condensed Water

Highly Recommended by competent medical authorities. Supplied in almost unlimited quantities.

Edmonton Bottling Works
Corner of Elizabeth and Jasper.

Phone 77

"Strong as the Strongest" NORTHERN

Assurance Co., of London, England
ASSETS \$40,000,000

Fire Insurance granted on nearly every description of property. Edmonton Agency: McGEORGE, MCINTOSH & CHAUVIN, NORWOOD BLOCK. PHONE 477.

Some Pretty Fashions

For Women Readers.

NOTE—All subscribers desirous of obtaining any of these patterns may have them by sending in to the Bulletin office the name of subscriber, their exact post office address, the number of the pattern and the size—the order is to be accompanied by ten cents for each pattern. With an order for adult patterns give the bust measure for blouses and waist measure for skirts. For misses and children, give number of pattern and age only.

Address
Weekly Fashion Department,
Bulletin Office,
Edmonton.

the sketch are attractive trimming. The



4135

A SMALL GOWN

Little made gowns must be quite as dainty and fashionable as mother can find time to make them for no member of the household looks so well in bits of flimsy as this small person.

The cut shows a little gown in dotted with a yoke of plain tucked blouse and braid of embroidered flimsy. The full round waist and short skirt are quite Frenchy in effect and

medium size 1 1/2 year of 3 1/2-11 1/2 material.
4135—Size 2, 4, 6 and 8 years.

A CHARMING SMALL APRON

Empire effects are very pleasing upon small wearers and the one shown is an example of excellence. The apron has a front yoke and a front skirt portion joined by muslin fastened at the underarm seams and tied in the centre. Ruffles serve as a decorative touch.



4139

sure to prove becoming to any wearer. The sleeves may end at the elbow or be finished with a deep cuff. If the blouse is not covered they may be omitted. Thin and thick materials are equally suited to the pattern. In the medium size 1 yard of 16-inch goods are needed.
4135—Size 2-4-6-8 years.

AN OUTFIT FOR MISS BABY

When the little one is put into short clothes, she is the pride of the household and no one enjoys seeing her more than the mother who has fashioned the small garments. A set of short clothes which will be found most useful is shown. The little dress has a square yoke fashioned with a full gathered ruffle, the neck being edged with a narrow frill of lace. The petticoat consists of a fitted yoke and straight gathered skirt which may be as much or as little adorned as desired. The cap is unique in its fanciful collar which may be trimmed with ribbon or narrow silk plaiting and which insures double warmth to small shoulders. The cap is of simplest design.



4122

sign, having a round crown and plain front piece edged with lace. The least useful of the garments sketched is the creasing apron which covers the wearer completely, enveloping all of the clothing so that no amount of soiling about the floor will soil or wear out the underwear. The blouse portion is ample enough to include the skirt. For the dress two yards of 16-inch material are needed, for the coat 2 yards, for the creasing apron 1 1/2 yards, for the cap 2-4, and 1-1/2 for the skirt.
4122—One size.

A WARM COAT FOR A LITTLE MAID

A design for a coat which is a bit out of the ordinary is sketched as a suggestion for the home dressmaker. The closing is effected on one side of the front under the neck while the straight panel effect, front and back is most becoming. Such a coat is easily made, as no fitting is needed except in the shoulder, and one can follow the directions of the pattern without further concern. The garment hangs easily from the shoulder and the tucks add to its warmth. Velvet collar, cuffs and trimming pieces as suggested in



4122



THE ACME COMPANY, LTD.



CLEARANCE

WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 6th

STORE OPENS AT 9.30 a.m.

SALE

OUR FIRST MONTHLY SALE WILL BE INAUGURATED. THIS WILL BE A

CLEARANCE SALE WITH A HISTORY; WILL EXCEL IN BARGAIN VALUE ANYTHING OF THE KIND THIS CITY HAS EVER KNOWN; WILL RISE TO THE IMPORTANCE OF AN EVENT; CHALLENGING ANY AND ALL!

IT CHALLENGES IN MULTITUDE, VARIETY, VALUES, AND THE FACT THAT EVERY PROMISE WILL BE MADE GOOD.

LADIES' FURS

Only a very few left. Will be sold at

50c. on the Dollar

DRESS GOODS

A good new collection of Dress Materials at from

30 to 50 per cent less than regular

SHOE DEPT.

EVERY FELT SHOE IN THE HOUSE

HALF PRICE

A few odd sizes in Ladies' Bals, some McKay others Goodyear, well sew

HALF PRICE

A Splendid Line of

Ladies' Button Boots

Broken Sizes

HALF PRICE

A Few Odd Sizes in

Ladies' Oxfords

\$1.00

HOUSE FURNISHINGS---

IMPORTED ENAMEL WARE 20 PER CENT OFF

GROCERY DEPT.

WILL HAVE A FEW SNAPS TO OFFER

CARPET DEPT.

Window Shades at 25c. Brussels, Wilton, Tapestry and Velvet Ends—about 200 yds—AT HALF PRICE

LEATHER GOODS---

Cushion Tops, Panels, Pipe Racks, etc., 20 PER CENT DISCOUNT

HOUSEHOLD LINENS---

Table Napkins, pure linen, Fancy White Muslins, striped and figured, HALF PRICE.

Bleached Linen Table Cloths, 63 x 84. SPECIAL \$1.00

Bleached Linen Huck Towels, red stripe, fringed ends, 18 x 36 in. 25c. PAIR.

TRIMMINGS

Fifty Rolls of Ribbons, Silk and Taffeta, in all widths and shades, stripes and polka dot, 25c. value. 5c. and 7 1/2c. per yd.

Fifty Pieces of Torchon Laces, Embroideries Insertion. All regular 25c. goods.

2 1-2c. to 10c. per yard.

Ladies' Underwear and Ready-to-Wear Depts.

CORSETS, HOSE, UNDERSKIRTS, CLOTH SKIRTS AND COATS, BLOUSES, BELTS and NECKWEAR

25 to 50 per cent off.

CHILDREN'S DRESSES LESS THAN HALF PRICE.

CLOTHING---MEN'S AND BOYS'---

Men's All-Wool Suits, All-Wool Pants, Heavy Duck Pants, Overcoats, Canvas Covered Sheep Lined Overcoats, Boys' Buster Brown Suits, Tweed Sailor Suits, Overcoats, Reefer Jackets.

GENTS' FURNISHINGS---

Dressing Gowns, Travelling Rugs, Sweaters, Underwear, Sox, Flannel Shirts, Negligee Shirts, Collars, Hats, Caps, Suspenders and Gloves.

ALL AT PRICES THAT WILL MOVE THEM.

Three Dozen MEN'S SMOKING JACKETS FOR THIS DAY ONLY at \$3.50.

The Balance of MEN'S and BOYS' CLOTHING and FURNISHINGS will be offered during the ENTIRE MONTH OF FEBRUARY, ALL ELSE FOR ONE DAY ONLY.

FEB. 6th THE SALE DAY



THE ACME COMPANY, LTD.



A PAGE FOR FARMERS

THE U. S. LIVE STOCK TRADE FOR 1906.

The various stockyard authorities of the Windy City are agreed that 1906 has been a good year for the U. S. meat producers, although they admit the damage done by the general clean up and strident inspection.

Good colored beef cattle have brought the highest prices, taking an average for the year since 1902, and with the exception of that year, the highest in 30 years. The average price for good beef steers last year was \$1.30, against \$1.05 in 1902 and \$1.10 in 1903.

Western range cattle also sold at the best prices since 1902, a steer average for the year of \$1.40 being made, a gain of 60 cents over 1902. Cows and heifers averaged only a trifle higher. Receipt of western ranges for the year were \$20,000, as compared with \$20,000 the previous year, while receipts of Texas cattle totaled only \$7,000. Quality of the western grades was on the whole much above the average.

Over \$14,000,000 worth of hogs were marketed at Chicago last year and prices averaged the highest in many years. Never in the history of the trade had there been so broad and urgent demand both on home and foreign account for hog product, and as a result prices have been remarkably stable. The \$2.00 mark was reached in July, but comparatively few lots brought that figure. The highest monthly average of the year was also for that month, \$2.05, the lowest being right at the start of the year, the January average standing at \$1.60. The year closed with a December average of close to \$2.00, or about \$1.40 above December of 1905. Briefly speaking, it may be said that hog raising received \$1.00 per cwt. more last year than during 1905.

It has been a very good year for sheep and lamb feeders, notwithstanding the largest marketing on record, a total of 4,900,440 head. The increased demand for mutton has been sufficient to absorb this enormous supply at the highest range of prices on record. The average price for sheep for the year was \$5.20, a gain of 20 cents over last year, which was the highest up to that time.

A WARNING TO OUR FARMERS

Edmonton Bulletin.

I understand that there is going to be a provincial and grain fair in Edmonton on the 10th of March. I take this opportunity to bring before the farmers of the surrounding district, that our seed grain fair last year was a success, and that the seed grain fair may be a step towards the recovery of the seed grain and to the gain of clean up a two bushel sack seed corn along to the fair.

I would like to draw the attention of the farmers of the surrounding district what they are up against. Many seed grain fairs have already been held in Alberta. The price grain of such fair has been kept and (selling for) was sold to Edmonton to come up in competition against our grain here. If I may say so, I think the best is to come up good good if we are to hold our reputation.

T. DALY.

Edmonton, February 5th.

THE BANNER OAT CONTEST

Last spring Mr. Thomas Daly gave a bushel of his prize Banner oats to twenty-eight young farmers in the Edmonton district which were to be shown and samples of two bushels from such exhibited at this year's provincial and fair. As the time of the fair is coming near Mr. Daly is anxious that the boys be on hand with their samples and make the following announcement:

I wish to notify you that the seed grain fair will be held in Edmonton on March 10th. I ask you to get your two bushel sack, and be there on that day where I shall have a place reserved for you exhibit. All the seed grain of the boys is to clean the two bushel thoroughly, and I will look after the rest. I am warning you in time and advise you to not wait until the day before the fair to get your exhibit ready.

SOME MORE WORK FOR THE GRAIN GROWERS.

Events come thick and fast these days to occupy the attention of the grain growers of western Canada, who will, we think, give vent to the exclamation, "It never rains but it pours." The latest opportunity for them to do good work is to live up to the Department of Trade and Commerce, so that that branch of the

the Liverpool, London and other corn exchanges over inspection certificates. According to the press specialties, of a conference of the Liverpool and London Corn Trade, grave dissatisfaction exists with American (U. S.) grain certificates. It was also admitted that little fault could be found with Canadian certificates. The Canadian exporters were undoubtedly prefer to sell on sample as the U. S. men will be bound to do, as it would give them a chance to do some mixing.

The Canadian producers being a mixed sample market should urge the endorsement on inspection certificates of the weight per bushel, even on the export certificates, and thus get the benefit of the increased demand that such testimony would be bound to bring. It is a very consistency, the reluctance of the chief inspector to place the weight per bushel on Winnipeg certificates, compared with his justifiable pride in the way Canadian wheat proves such extra value to the Old Country buyer. It would appear that he is more concerned in trying to please the big fellows than to give the farmers the credit due them. It seems to us that the grain growers are doing valuable work in directing more attention to the methods under which they are in a measure forced to sell their products.

BLACK NOSE IN SHORTHORNS.

While a black nose is strongly objected to in a shorthorn, it is not sufficient proof that an animal is not pure bred. In Sander's history of shorthorn cattle reference is made to the introduction of Gallows blood by Col. Henry Sander, the last and most famous of the breed. There is little doubt that when the breed was being developed some Gallows blood was used, and although this was over 100 years ago, the occasional appearance of black noses is attributed to this cause. Generally speaking, the Gallows characteristics have been buried deep in pure shorthorn blood many generations ago, but the occasional outcrop of the black nose furnishes an interesting example of atavism or back breeding. Selected.

TO ESTIMATE WEIGHT OF CATTLE.

Measure the girth in feet by the distance from the bone of the tail immediately over the hump part of the backbone to the fork part of the shoulder blade, and the product by 31 when the animal measures more than seven and less than 8 feet in girth by 25 when less than 7 and more than 5; by 35 when less than 5 and more than 3; and by 11 when less than 3.

For example, when the girth of an ox is 7 feet 5 inches and the length 5 feet inches. Multiply 5 1/2 by 7 5/12, which gives 40.79 nearly; this multiplied by 31 gives 1,264 pounds.

A deduction of one pound in 30 must be made for half fatted calves, and also for cows that have had calves.

PREPARING SOIL FOR BARLEY.

The opinion has been expressed that manure should not immediately precede a cereal crop, if quality and quantity of grain are the desiderata. Old Country growers of malting barley have found that good samples are not to be had, if the manure employed are of a highly nitrogenous character, such as farmyard manure. Not only is there danger of the crop becoming laid, and consequently ruined in color and plumpness of grain, but under such conditions it is coarse and thick-kinned, and the large proportion of nitrogen in the ground makes it difficult for the breeder to produce sound beer from it. For malting purposes the straw should be strong, and not have a superabundance of flag or leaf, and should ripen early; the best crop is that following after wheat. Where the land is poor and a good crop of wheat has been previously taken from it, manuring for the barley crop becomes a necessity, as without such manuring the yield is too small to be remunerative, and the grain is liable to be thin. Last fall there seemed to be a fair demand for good malting barley, and it will doubtless be remembered by some of our readers that at that time complaint was made as the mode of threshing it. Fortunately, if a man fails to reach the malting standard with the cereal, he has a very valuable coarse grain for feeding purposes, especially for bacon production.

WE ARE HEADQUARTERS FOR

"Old Norwood Lots"

TERMS VERY EASY

Magrath, Hart & Co.

THE NORTHERN HARDWARE CO. OPENING ANNOUNCEMENT.

The Northern Hardware Company will open for business on and after SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 2nd, 1907, in John Somerville & Sons Old Stand, opposite the Northern Bank. Full lines of Shelf and Heavy Hardware, Mechanics' Tools, Granite-ware and Tinware, Varnishes, Oils, and Glass, Stoves and Ranges will be carried. We have been appointed Sole Retail Agents for the Famous Clary Stoves and Ranges and Sherwin Williams Paints and Varnishes—the best made.

We guarantee particularly prompt and efficient delivery service to any part of the city. We cordially invite each and all to visit our store, inspect our new stock, and judge us for further business by the quality and price of our goods, and the treatment you receive at our hands.

We will be open for business on and after Friday, February 2nd.

Our Telephone Number is 330.

WILSON, DEWAR & McKINNON

BULLETIN WANT ADS. BRING RESULTS

The Daily Bulletin Gives all the News—Do You get it?

BUCHANAN'S

"BLACK & WHITE" AND "SPECIAL" (RED SEAL)

SOLD BY ALL RELIABLE WINE MERCHANTS

Scotch Whiskies

(RED SEAL)

THE DOUGLAS CO. LIMITED.

111 JASPER AVENUE EAST

WE have pleasure in announcing that we have added to our Business the following departments:

ROOM MOULDINGS AND HOUSE DECORATING.

WALL PAPER AND PAPER HANGING.

PICTURE FRAMING IN ALL ITS VARIOUS LINES.

SIGN WRITING OF ALL KINDS.

PAINTING OF ALL KINDS.

The above lines are under the management of Mr. C. A. ESTELL, who has had a wide experience in all the above lines.

ALL WORK GUARANTEED. NONE BUT FIRST CLASS UNION WORKMEN EMPLOYED.

Our PRINTING, PUBLISHING and BOOKBINDING DEPARTMENT is under the Management of McCORKINDALE and YOUNG, who are practical men, having had a wide experience at the trade.

AS ARTISTS, DESIGNERS, AND PRINTERS WE HAVE NO EQUAL IN THE WEST.

WORK EXECUTED PROMPTLY.

WE GUARANTEE DELIVERY THE DAY PROMISED.

MAIL ORDERS
RECEIVE PROMPT
ATTENTION.

THE DOUGLAS CO. LIMITED,
111 JASPER AVENUE EAST,
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PRINTING DEPT.
648 FIRST STREET
(WESTERN PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY).

Immense Bargains

The Greatest Fur Offering

ever seen in Edmonton. These are all first-class furs in every respect. Do not judge by the prices asked. Every coat guaranteed to us by the manufacturers.

Goat Skin Coats, regular \$15.00, now \$11.00.

Russian Calf Skin, regular \$25.00, now \$19.00.

Labrador Seal, regular \$55.00, now \$41.80.

\$65.00 Coon Coats for \$42.90.

Fur Lined Caps, \$1.00 Caps for 75c. 75c Caps for 50c.

GARIEPY & LESSARD

MILL SHUT DOWN THIS WEEK ONLY

in order to make repairs and take stock. The yards will be open and our large and fully assorted stock will enable us to fill any orders promptly.

CUSHING BROS. CO., Ltd.

West End Yard Corner 7th and Peace Ave. Phone 247.

Main Office: Corner Nampayo Ave. and Elizabeth St. Phone 76.

SPORT

KENORA THISTLES MAY LOSE STARS

Griffis, McGimie, Beaudro and Groux May Quit Team at End of Season

Toronto, Feb. 4.—Kenora will be minus at least two men next hockey season, and they are already short of men to fill in with. Jodela Lefebvre, the Toronto star, has accepted an offer to play with the Toronto professional team next year, and McGimie too, who announced that he will retire. Beaudro, too, said that he would retire after this season. He is only talking, Pierre and Laviolette, of the Michigan Stars, were recommended to Kenora as the most suitable men for them. Both are fast, clean players, and would fit in nicely with Thistle, and the other players Thistle men.

At all events they are on the look-out for a good fast man, and expect to find one before they return home. They play through the professional circuit, and expect to find one before they return home. They play through the professional circuit, and expect to find one before they return home.

Griffis also announced that he certainly will quit this year, while another report says that the Thistles expect to lose the others in the fall, including Beaudro, Groux, the news of whose remaining in Toronto after this season, being indicated news.

Speaking of their style of play, Mr. Griffis said this morning that while great speed has been their reliance, it must not be inferred that continuation was unknown to them. Indeed, while it was perhaps a little more difficult to drill a lot of very fast men into breaking away from the individual style, still this team has been pretty successful. As a matter of fact, their departure from this morning game, the first of the Kenora seven by Ottawa in the west, though lack of condition could hardly explain them. While they played a powerful style they piled up goals fast enough against Ottawa, but once they returned into the starting assembly the turn was quickly made.

COPPER-NORTHERN FALLING THROUGH

Want to Get Rid of Lake Linden But Glass Refuses to Withdraw—Interesting Developments Expected at the Annual Meeting—May Revive Old Northern

Bulletin Special.
Edmonton, Feb. 4.—The disaffection of the Northern and Copper Country league is a notable and, in fact, a growing one. The situation of the league will be held next Sunday at Lake Linden. The trouble is due to the refusal of the Lake Linden club to drop out of the league. Last year the league in Lake Linden did not start a rough season to pay the board bills of the visiting clubs, but the disaffection of

Charles, paying \$1,000 for the animal.

Calgary Alberta.—At the past meeting of the city council the Calabrian football club will ask the city fathers to do something definite towards giving them a decent playing ground. Last year the boys had to change their open which was not only inconvenient to the players, but the public generally. The Calabrians also want the ground put into shape so that they may have a pitch fit for the champions of western Canada to play on.

Larry Figer, manager of the Saragosa Bowling alley, broke the Winnipeg record for a single game Saturday night by rolling 275 on his two alleys. This is the best game ever rolled in Winnipeg. He started with seven and followed with strikes until the tenth frame. The crowd in the theatre will likely stand for a while. An American high score was made later in the day on the same alley when Neil Vorne of the Saragosa team rolled a total of 264.

Major Wilkes, the great pugilist, owned for a year by G. H. Wilkes, of Providence, has been sold to a Canadian horseman, Geo. H. Stone, of Halifax. It is understood received a handsome price for the aged steppar. Major Wilkes, a big fellow, was born in England, and about forty other years of age. He is a big framed bay, weighing about 1,100 pounds and is seven years old. Though not campaigned much around the horse he has carried off great prizes in nearly everything in the pitting line in which he has been entered.

CURLING.

Duluth will have at least three rink at the Winnipeg bonspiel which opens today.

Superior, Wis., have sent a rink to the Winnipeg spiel. C. Parnborough of Victoria taking a rink from the range country.

Of the eight trophies hung up at the Calgary bonspiel, three go to the Winnipeg team, two to the range country and one to the city.

Big Weiler, of Red Deer, had very heavy luck at the Calgary bonspiel. After winning eight consecutive games in three of the contests his play was so good that the ice was too heavy for his lead to play two pair of stones very long.

Just a trifle better than forty per cent of the possible was made by the top notchers in the Calgary bonspiel, the official scores in which were handed out on Saturday. Here are the prize winners and the figures they made out of a possible 72:

Miquelon, Calgary	39
Fingie, Medicine Hat	39
Borne, Banhead	38
Oakley, Fredrick	38
Trimbale, Lacombe	38
Purnell, Banhead	37
O'Donnell, Lethbridge	36
Kenny, Lethbridge	36
Bone, Calgary	36
Lauchlin, Calgary	36
Weir, Strathcona	35
Hunter, Fredrick	35
Bryne, Calgary	34

A great many others competed, but only those who received the prizes are mentioned. The ice was in horrible condition. Under proper conditions such playing as Miquelon, Fingie and Trimbale should be good for at least 42 points.

SPRINTER BEAT SKATER.

Chicago, Feb. 4.—By an inch, by a record time, William Hightmore, who defeated State Champion Alvin C. Logan, won the 100-yard sprint at the Chicago square track yesterday afternoon. The former university of Chicago sprinter negotiated the 100 yards in 11.5 seconds, while the skater took 12.5 seconds. The skater had the advantage as he skated around the track, but the sprinter was faster. At the 50-yard mark his lead of four yards. At the 60-yard mark he was ten yards ahead. He was not quite a mile before the tape was run. The crowd was so great that the eye made both slow down.

USEFUL HINTS ON TRAINING

Rules for Developing Athletics According to G. H. Cersan, Swimming Instructor at Toronto University

A man is born strong because his muscles are strong. But the day has almost passed when a man's training is the result of his ancestors' simple life and hard work, and we find very few athletes at the top of the ladder of who has not the result of more or less scientific training.

What is scientific training? Scientific training is the skill of training a weak man into a strong man. Any unskilled trainer gifted with "brass" can train an already strong man in a lot of athletes, and the victory might be in spite of his training.

Not Born Weak. Then, again, many invalids who by hard and diligent effort have become well-developed athletes, were not "born weak" but were weak because of their daily habits or environment. The fault corrected, the man sprang to his feet and the victory might be in spite of his training.

He must be most particular and careful of his daily life to the minutest detail, taking into consideration his

Sanitary surroundings. Daily menu. Hours of sleep. Worries. Massage (if necessary). Bathing. Exercises. Associations. Clothing. Recreation.

He should be ensured a well ventilated bedroom, southern exposure in the winter time, and in a neighborhood away from all kinds of noxious odors, such as butcher shops, stables, tanneries, etc.

Diet is of importance. His diet should be as plain and as simple as possible. By plain I mean free from all condiments, stimulants, and anything that is artificially flavored, in order to arouse the judgment appetite. The appetite of an athlete requires no good, and a rule of diet is that those "in training" should always arise from the table before the appetite is fully satisfied. Otherwise, if the stomach is full in eating, there is none left for muscular exertion. Nature is kind to the hungry. A fully gorged athlete has no energy left for fight, I think it best that those in training should avoid all salt meats and fish, soups, cakes, pies, puddings, and mushes. Corn cakes might be an exception. Thorough mastication is essential in order to be free from stomach troubles, and for this I advise plain buttered toast, and fruit and raw milk as apples and oranges, should be eaten once per day in order to keep the bowels in good condition. The correction of constipation by means of drugs is a very expensive and exhaustive method.

All purgatives rob the blood of serum, which is the nourishment of the blood, whereas apple, oranges and other raw acid fruits actually cause an increased discharge of bile, which is dead blood. Cheese, white bread and all contaminating foods must be cut out. The diet must be milk and uric acid, and forms a soft baby tissue that is not the best of food for an athlete. There must be better energy producing foods than peas and beans, and I would advise those who would avoid muscular soreness to avoid all such foods and excessive protein diet. Half rotted barley, wheat, rye, grape and apple juice under the name of beer of key, rye, wine, and cider, are poor foods for making hard muscle. Tobacco in any form must be cut out of the daily menu of him who would have strong mind and heart. Raw or cooked fruits are incomparably better than raw or cooked vegetables, they being lighter and more easily digested. Vegetables and fruits should be mixed together in the same meal.

Also a few young fellows with sand enough to drive their girls out these cold days. Driving notions at "Horners Livery Stable." Get a "skate on" and come to "Horners Rink."

Needs Recreation. Recreation prevents the athlete going to his hobby. It is the Sunday of his work. For long distance events, rest, loaf, or lounge around with general companions for two days before the competition. For polo, vaulting, jumping, sprinting, etc., it is best to let up a little for the three preceding days before the event, but do not stop entirely. While recreating, be very careful, and do not over-exert. It is during the period of recreation that you gather energy for your food for the final effort, therefore do not lounge around in some smoke laden pool room. Never have your mind to do your best, and make the man who beats you remember and ever dread you when they again meet.

The subject is so large that it is impossible to do more than skim over a few points. The man who is to win his own judgment to fill in the details.

SOCIETY NAMES IN BASEBALL. If President Charles Murphy, of the Chicago Cubs, continues to sign players with fancy names his team will soon be dubbed the "Society Buds." He recently signed young Blaine Durbin and now he has corralled a chap with Gladstone Grassy for a handle.

The day of Mike, Dick, Jake and Halmy seems to be passing with the advent of the college player into the arena. No many years ago the cinnam had players with names that reminded one of a calling list of the "de" with Orville Woodrow, Miller Huggins and J. Bentley Seymour among them.

In line with the evolution such expressions as "Hit 'em, Mike," and "Slide, you lobster" may make way for the more ladylike expressions of "our turn to his ball, Gladstone," or "Dash to the ground, Oliver, but be careful."

But the college player has come to stay. On the street, and in the hotels the college player impresses the public more than do the Mo' and strange things than that have happened before in the annals of the ring. Fie and Burns were matched the best before Tom O'Rourke's ill-fated Exonating Club about a year ago, and were all ready for the whirl when Governor Pennington stepped in and locked them both, and O'Rourke too, with one punch. Of course, I, the men really met, the sympathy of every sportsman with Fittsimmons, for he has always been a popular idler, while Burns is far from being a hero in the eyes of the fans.

Groceries Groceries.

IF IT IS GOOD TO EAT WE HAVE IT.

WE have just received and placed in stock a Car-load of First Quality Goods, including all the best brands of Canned Fruits and Vegetables.

Quality is what you have uppermost in your mind when buying, and our aim is to give you the best in the market at the lowest possible price.

Give us a trial for anything you require in the Grocery line, and we will convince you that we mean what we say.

Messrs. Duncan Bros. & Butters

(Successors to McDougall & Secord.)

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WANTED IS YOUR UNDERWEAR

Just a little July weather mixed with this wintry feature.

Also a few young fellows with sand enough to drive their girls out these cold days.

Driving notions at "Horners Livery Stable." Get a "skate on" and come to "Horners Rink."

Needs Recreation. Recreation prevents the athlete going to his hobby. It is the Sunday of his work. For long distance events, rest, loaf, or lounge around with general companions for two days before the competition. For polo, vaulting, jumping, sprinting, etc., it is best to let up a little for the three preceding days before the event, but do not stop entirely. While recreating, be very careful, and do not over-exert. It is during the period of recreation that you gather energy for your food for the final effort, therefore do not lounge around in some smoke laden pool room. Never have your mind to do your best, and make the man who beats you remember and ever dread you when they again meet.

The subject is so large that it is impossible to do more than skim over a few points. The man who is to win his own judgment to fill in the details.

SOCIETY NAMES IN BASEBALL. If President Charles Murphy, of the Chicago Cubs, continues to sign players with fancy names his team will soon be dubbed the "Society Buds." He recently signed young Blaine Durbin and now he has corralled a chap with Gladstone Grassy for a handle.

The day of Mike, Dick, Jake and Halmy seems to be passing with the advent of the college player into the arena. No many years ago the cinnam had players with names that reminded one of a calling list of the "de" with Orville Woodrow, Miller Huggins and J. Bentley Seymour among them.

In line with the evolution such expressions as "Hit 'em, Mike," and "Slide, you lobster" may make way for the more ladylike expressions of "our turn to his ball, Gladstone," or "Dash to the ground, Oliver, but be careful."

But the college player has come to stay. On the street, and in the hotels the college player impresses the public more than do the Mo' and strange things than that have happened before in the annals of the ring. Fie and Burns were matched the best before Tom O'Rourke's ill-fated Exonating Club about a year ago, and were all ready for the whirl when Governor Pennington stepped in and locked them both, and O'Rourke too, with one punch. Of course, I, the men really met, the sympathy of every sportsman with Fittsimmons, for he has always been a popular idler, while Burns is far from being a hero in the eyes of the fans.

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